

8. $\csc^{-1}(7)$

$P = \csc^{-1}(7)$

$\csc P = \csc(\csc^{-1}(7))$

$\csc P = 7$

$\frac{1}{\sin P} = 7$

$\frac{\sin P}{1} = \frac{1}{7}$

$\sin P = \frac{1}{7}$

$\sin^{-1} \sin P = \sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{7})$

$P = \sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{7})$

$P = 0.14$

9. $\sec^{-1}(\frac{-5}{4})$

$= \cos^{-1}(\frac{4}{-5})$

$= 2.5$

10. $\cot^{-1}(\frac{-5}{2})$

$= \tan^{-1}(\frac{-2}{5})$

$= -0.38$
+ π



2.76

10. TAN($\cos^{-1}(u+a)$)

① $P = \cos^{-1}(u+a)$

② $\cos P = \cos(\cos^{-1}(u+a))$

$\cos P = u+a$

③ $\cos P = \frac{u+a}{r}$ AND \cos IS $\frac{x}{r}$

so $x = u+a$ $r = 1$

$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

$(u+a)^2 + y^2 = 1^2$

$y^2 = 1 - (u+a)^2$

$y = \pm \sqrt{1 - (u+a)^2}$

$y = \sqrt{1 - (u+a)^2}$



④ \tan IS $\frac{y}{x}$

$\frac{\sqrt{1 - (u+a)^2}}{u+a}$

11.

COT($\sec^{-1}(u-3)$)

① $P = \sec^{-1}(u-3)$

② $\sec P = \sec(\sec^{-1}(u-3))$

$\sec P = u-3$

③ $\sec P = \frac{u-3}{1}$ AND $\sec = \frac{r}{x}$

so $r = u-3$, $x = 1$

so $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

$1^2 + y^2 = (u-3)^2$

$1 + y^2 = (u-3)^2$

$y^2 = (u-3)^2 - 1$

$y = \pm \sqrt{(u-3)^2 - 1}$

$y = \sqrt{(u-3)^2 - 1}$

④ \cot IS $\frac{x}{y}$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{(u-3)^2 - 1}}$

\sin^{-1}	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	to	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
\cos^{-1}	0	to	π
\tan^{-1}	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	to	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
\csc^{-1}	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	to	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
\sec^{-1}	0	to	π
\cot^{-1}	0	to	π