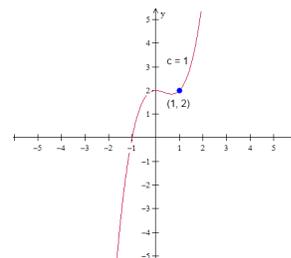


Continuity and One-Sided Limits

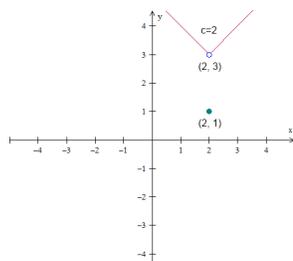
1. Use the graph to determine the limit, and discuss the continuity of the function (similar to p.98 #1-6)

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} f(x)$ (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} f(x)$ (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$



2. Use the graph to determine the limit, and discuss the continuity of the function (similar to p.98 #1-6)

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} f(x)$ (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} f(x)$ (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$



3. Find the limit (if it exists). If it does not exist, explain why (similar to p.99 #7-30)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{-2}{x+3}$$

4. Find the limit (if it exists). If it does not exist, explain why (similar to p.99 #7-30)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{5-x}{x^2-25}$$

5. Find the limit (if it exists). If it does not exist, explain why (similar to p.99 #7-30)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} \frac{\sqrt{x}-2}{x-4}$$

6. Find the limit (if it exists). If it does not exist, explain why (similar to p.99 #7-30)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) \text{ where } f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 5x + 1, & x \leq 3 \\ -x^2 + 4x - 8, & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

7. Find the limit (if it exists). If it does not exist, explain why (similar to p.99 #7-30)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2} \tan x$$

8. Find the limit (if it exists). If it does not exist, explain why (similar to p.99 #7-30)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \ln(3 - x)$$

9. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable? (similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{x - 4}$$

10. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable? (similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 5$$

11. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable? (similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x^2 + 3}$$

12. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable?
(similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = 5x + \sin x$$

13. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable?
(similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = \frac{x+4}{x^2-16}$$

14. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable?
(similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-5, & x < 2 \\ x^2-3, & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

15. Find the x-values (if any) at which f is not continuous. Which of the discontinuities are removable?
(similar to p.99 #39-66)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 7x+3, & x < 1 \\ x^2+4, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$