

Inverse Trigonometric Functions: Integration

Integrals Involving Inverse Trigonometric Functions

Let u be a differentiable function of x , and
let $a > 0$

$$\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{a^2 - u^2}} = \arcsin \frac{u}{a} + C$$

$$\int \frac{du}{a^2 + u^2} = \frac{1}{a} \arctan \frac{u}{a} + C$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u\sqrt{u^2 - a^2}} = \frac{1}{a} \operatorname{arcsec} \frac{|u|}{a} + C$$

1. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-9x^2}}$$

2. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{1}{2+(x-4)^2} dx$$

3. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{1}{3x\sqrt{x^4-9}} dx$$

4. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{4}{x\sqrt{5-(\ln x)^2}} dx$$

5. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{\cos x}{3 + \sin^2 x} dx$$

6. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{x^4 - 9}{x^2 + 3} dx$$

7. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}(2+x)} dx$$

8. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{5x-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

9. Find the indefinite integral
(Similar to p.368 #1-24)

$$\int \frac{x-5}{(x+2)^2 + 3} dx$$

10. Evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #25-38)

$$\int_0^2 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}$$

11. Evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #25-38)

$$\int_{\ln 3}^{\ln 5} \frac{2e^{-x}}{\sqrt{4 - e^{-2x}}} dx$$

12. Find or evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #39-50)

$$\int \frac{2x-1}{x^2+4x+5} dx$$

13. Find or evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #39-50)

$$\int \frac{5}{\sqrt{-x^2+6x}} dx$$

14. Find or evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #39-50)

$$\int \frac{x-4}{\sqrt{x^2-8x}} dx$$

15. Find or evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #39-50)

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{4+10x^2-x^4}} dx$$

15. Use the specified substitution to find or
evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #51-54)

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{x+2} dx$$

$$u = \sqrt{x-4}$$

16. Use the specified substitution to find or evaluate the integral
(Similar to p.368 #51-54) NEXT TIME
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$$\int \frac{1}{7\sqrt{5-x}\sqrt{x+2}} dx$$
$$u = \sqrt{x+2}$$

17. Find the area of the region
(Similar to p.369 #71-76)

$$y = \frac{3}{x^2 + 2x + 8}$$

