



1.  $f(x) = (x^3 - 2)^5$

CONT:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

YES

### TROUBLE AREAS

1. FRACTIONS

2. PIECEWISE FUNCTIONS

3. RADICALS

2.  $f(x) = \frac{8}{x^2 - 1}$

### FRACTIONS

TO FIND WHERE IT IS DISCONTINUOUS  
SET DENOM. EQUAL TO ZERO AND  
SOLVE

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

DOTS  $(x+1)(x-1) = 0$

$$x+1=0 \quad x-1=0$$

DISC:  $x = -1 \quad x = 1$

NO

3.  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 + 5}$

$$x^2 + 5 = 0$$

$$x^2 = -5$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{-5}$$

~~$$x = \pm i\sqrt{5}$$~~

CONT:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

YES

4.  $f(x) = \frac{5}{x^2 - 9}$

$$x^2 - 9 = 0$$

DOTS  $(x+3)(x-3) = 0$

$$x+3=0 \quad x-3=0$$

DISC:  $x = -3 \quad x = 3$

CONT:  $x \neq -3 \quad x \neq 3$

$(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$