

$$17. \int \frac{x^2 - 7x + 2}{x-2} dx$$

$$= \int \left(x-5 + \frac{-8}{x-2} \right) dx$$

$$= \int x dx - \int 5 dx - 8 \int \frac{1}{x-2} dx$$

$$u = \underline{x-2} \quad du = \underline{dx}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 5x - 8 \int \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 5x - 8 \ln|u| + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 5x - 8 \ln|x-2| + C$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x-2 \overline{) x^2 - 7x + 2} \\ \underline{-(x^2 - 2x)} \\ -5x + 2 \\ \underline{+5x - 10} \\ -8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x(x-2) \\ = x^2 - 2x \\ \hline -5(x-2) \\ = -5x + 10 \end{array}$$

$$18. \int \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 3x + 1} dx$$

$$\int 1 + \frac{2x-3}{x^2-3x+1} dx$$

$$\int 1 dx + \int \frac{2x-3}{x^2-3x+1} dx$$

$$u = \underline{x^2-3x+1} \quad du = \underline{(2x-3) dx}$$

$$1 \cdot x + \int \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$x + \ln|u| + C$$

$$x + \ln|x^2-3x+1| + C$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2-3x+1 \overline{) 1} \\ \underline{-(x^2-3x+1)} \\ 2x-3 \end{array}$$

$$\int \frac{x^2-1}{x+1} dx$$

$$\int \frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x+1} dx$$

$$\int (x-1) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + C$$