

Finding the Least Common Denominator and Forming Equivalent Rational Expressions

1. Find the LCD of the given rational expressions.
(similar to p.468 #16)

$$\frac{1}{12x^3y}; \frac{3}{8x^2y^4}$$

2. Find the LCD of the given rational expressions.
(similar to p.468 #20)

$$\frac{9}{x+4}; 5$$

3. Find the LCD of the given rational expressions.
(similar to p.468 #22)

$$\frac{5}{3x-9}; \frac{9}{8x-24}$$

4. Find the LCD of the given rational expressions.
(similar to p.468 #24)

$$\frac{1}{x^2-9x+20}; \frac{5}{x^2-16}$$

5. Find the LCD of the given rational expressions.
(similar to p.468 #24)

$$\frac{1}{x^2+6x+9}; \frac{5}{x^2+4x+3}$$

6. Write an equivalent rational expression with the given denominator.

(similar to p.468 #34)

$$\frac{4}{x} \text{ with denominator } 5x^3$$

7. Write an equivalent rational expression with the given denominator.

(similar to p.468 #36)

$$\frac{1}{abc^2} \text{ with denominator } a^2b^3c^7$$

8. Write an equivalent rational expression with the given denominator.

(similar to p.468 #38)

$$\frac{7}{x-3} \text{ with denominator } x^2 - 8x + 15$$

9. Write an equivalent rational expression with the given denominator.

(similar to p.468 #42)

$$9x \text{ with denominator } x^2 - 5$$