

## Using Formulas to Solve Problems

1. Solve the formula for the indicated variable:  
(Similar to p.78 #22)

$$a = bcd \quad \text{for } c$$

2. Solve the formula for the indicated variable:  
(Similar to p.78 #24)

$$a = bx - c + d \quad \text{for } b$$

3. Solve the formula for the indicated variable:  
(Similar to p.78 #26)

$$A = \frac{BCE}{D} \quad \text{for } D$$

4. Solve the formula for the indicated variable:  
(Similar to p.78 #28)

$$A - AB = D - E \quad \text{for } A$$

5. Solve the formula for the indicated variable:  
(Similar to p.79 #32)

$$D = \frac{1}{3} C (A + B) \quad \text{for } B$$

6. Solve for y:  
(Similar to p.79 #38)

$$2x - 3y = 6$$

7. Solve for y:  
(Similar to p.79 #40)

$$\frac{5}{4}x - \frac{1}{3}y = -2$$

8. The surface area  $S$  of a rectangular prism is given by the formula:

$$S = 2ab + 2bc + 2ac$$

where  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  are the lengths of the sides.

- a) Solve the formula for  $a$
- b) Determine  $a$  where the surface area is 158 square centimeters and whose side  $b$  is 5 centimeters and side  $c$  is 8 centimeters  
(Similar to p.79 #42)

9. The model  $M = 3A + 100$  was developed by Hays to model nothing

- a) Solve the model for  $A$
- b) According to this model, what is  $A$  when  $M$  is 400?  
(Similar to p.79 #44)